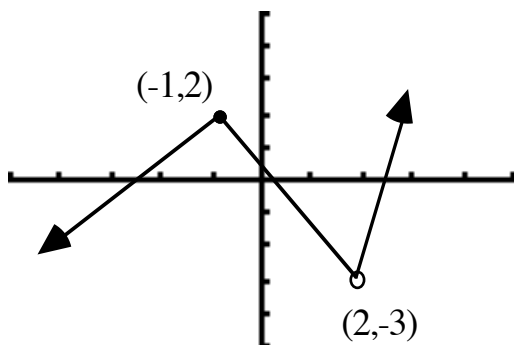


**Directions:** To receive partial credit you must show your work on a problem.

Circle final answers. All problems are 5 points each.

- Find the slope of the line passing through  $(4.8, 3.1)$  and  $(-5.2, 1.6)$ .
- Write the equation of the line in slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ) that goes through  $(1, 1)$  and  $\left(6, -\frac{2}{3}\right)$ .
- Find the slope-intercept form of the equation of the line passing through  $(-10, 4)$  and has slope  $m = 0$ .
- Write the equation of the line in slope-intercept form ( $y = mx + b$ ) that goes through  $(2, 1)$  and is perpendicular to  $4x - 2y = 3$ .
- Is the following relation a function ?  
 $\{(1, 2), (5, 7), (3, 8), (5, 4)\}$
- Evaluate the function at each specified value and simplify.  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 8} + 2$   
a)  $f(-8)$                       b)  $f(1)$
- Evaluate the function at each specified value and simplify.  $f(x) = \frac{3x - 4}{5}$   
a)  $f(2)$                       b)  $f(-3)$
- State the Domain for the following:  
(Hint: draw graph first.)  
 $g(x) = \sqrt{x - 10}$

9. Determine the intervals of the domain over which the given functions is increasing, decreasing, and constant.

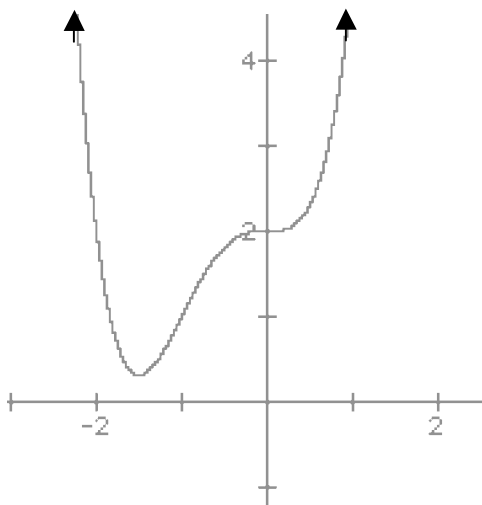


Increasing \_\_\_\_\_

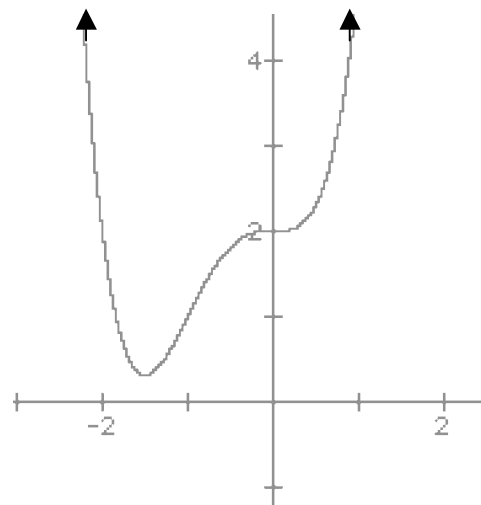
Decreasing \_\_\_\_\_

Constant \_\_\_\_\_

10. Is the following graph a function ?  
Yes or No



11. State the Domain and Range for the following graph:



Domain = \_\_\_\_\_ Range = \_\_\_\_\_

12. Write an equation for the function that is described as follows:

The shape of  $f(x) = |x|$  but moved 10 units up and reflected over the x-axis.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

13. Write an equation for the function that is described as follows:

The shape of  $f(x) = x^3$  but moved 6 units to the left, and 6 units down.

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

14. Describe the transformation that occurs in the function. Remember to find the basic function first. Also sketch the graph.

$$f(x) = (x - 1)^3 + 2$$

Description:

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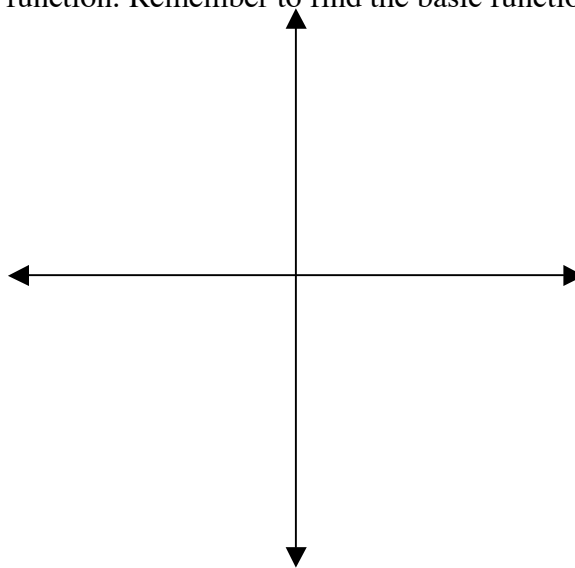
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For  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = 2 - x$  Find the following:

15.  $(f + g)(x)$

16.  $(f - g)(x)$

17.  $(f \cdot g)(x)$

18.  $(f / g)(x)$

For  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  and  $g(x) = x - 4$  Find the following:

19.  $(f \cdot g)(6)$

20.  $(f + g)(2)$

For  $f(x) = \frac{1}{3}x - 3$  and  $g(x) = 3x + 1$  Find the following:

21.  $(f \circ g)(x)$

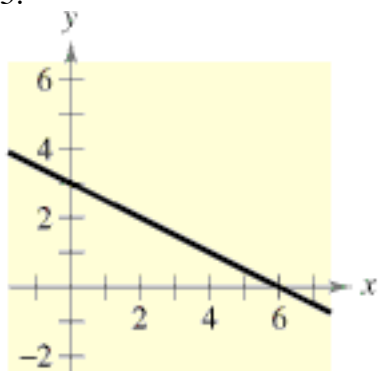
22.  $(g \circ f)(12)$

23.  $(f \circ f)(x)$

24.  $(g \circ g)(2)$

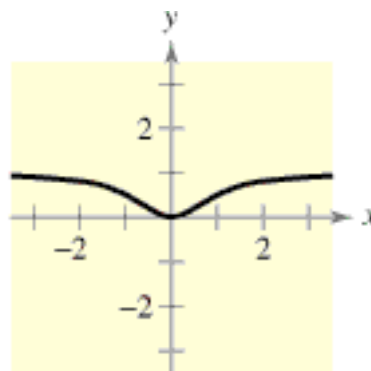
Does the following functions have an inverse ? Yes or No. Why?

25.



Yes or No

26.



Yes or No

Show that  $f(x) = 5x + 1$  and  $g(x) = \frac{x-1}{5}$  are inverse functions algebraically.

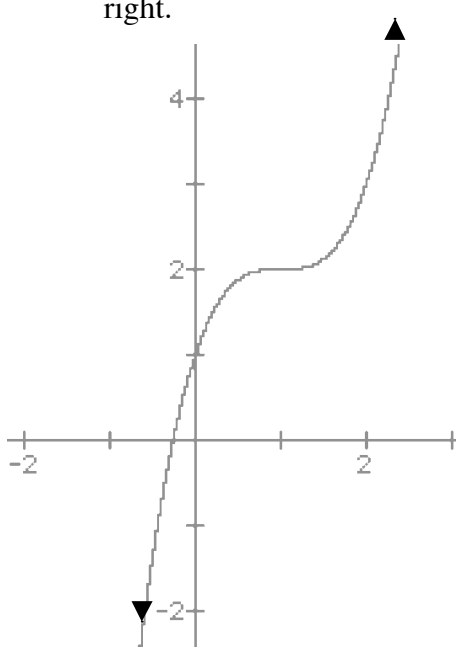
You must show work!

27. Find  $(f \circ g)(x)$ 28. Find  $(g \circ f)(x)$ 

Find the inverse for the following functions. (Note: you don't have to verify)

29.  $f(x) = 2x - 3$ 30.  $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-2}$

## Answers to Sample Test 2

1. $m = 0.15$	2. $y = \frac{-1}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$
3. $y = 4$	4. $y = \frac{-1}{2}x + 2$
5. NO the 5's repeat !	6. a) 2          b) 5
7. a) $2/5$ b) $-13/5$	8. $[10, \infty)$
9. Inc. = $(-\infty, -1]$ and $(2, \infty)$ Decr. = $[-1, 2)$ Const = None	10. Yes
11. Domain = $(-\infty, \infty)$ Range = $[0.5, \infty)$	12. $f(x) = - x  - 10$
13. $f(x) = (x + 6)^3 - 6$ 15. $f(x) = x^2 - x + 2$ 16. $f(x) = x^2 + x - 2$ 17. $f(x) = x^2(2 - x) = 2x^2 - x^3$ 18. $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{2 - x}$ 19. 74 20. 3 21. $(f \circ g)(x) = x - \frac{8}{3}$ 22. 4 23. $(f \circ f)(x) = \frac{1}{9}x - 4$ 24. 22	14. Vertical shift of $f(x) = x^3$ 2 units upward and horizontal shift of 1 unit to the right. 
25. Yes, by Horizontal Line Test !	26. No, by Horizontal Line Test !
27. $(f \circ g)(x) = x$ ? Yes !	28. $(g \circ f)(x) = x$ ? Yes !
29. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x + 3}{2}$	30. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{2x + 1}{x - 1}$